

臺灣綜合大學系統 108 學年度學士班轉學生聯合招生考試試題

科目名稱	基礎數學	類組代碼	D25
		科目碼	D2591

※本項考試依簡章規定各考科均「不可以」使用計算機

本科試題共計 1 頁

(15%) 1. Evaluate the following limits:

(a)(5%)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x)$ .

(b)(10%)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow (\pi/2)^-} (\tan x)^{\cos x}$ .

(15%) 2. Test the following series for convergence or divergence:

(a)(5%)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{n}}{\sqrt{n^3 + 4n + 3}}$ .

(b)(10%)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^n}{n!}$ .

(15%) 3. Evaluate the following integrals:

(a)(5%)  $\int_0^1 (x^2 + 1)e^{-x} dx$ .

(b)(10%)  $\int_2^3 \frac{x+5}{x^2+x-2} dx$ .

(15%) 4. If  $g(s, t) = f(s^2 - t^2, t^2 - s^2)$  and suppose  $g$  and  $f$  are differentiable. Show that  $g$  satisfies the equation

$$t \frac{\partial g}{\partial s} + s \frac{\partial g}{\partial t} = 0.$$

(15%) 5. Let the sequence  $\{a_n\}$  be

$$a_1 = 2 \text{ and } a_n = \frac{1}{3 - a_{n-1}}, \forall n \geq 2$$

(a)(10%) Use the Monotonic Sequence Theorem to show that  $\{a_n\}$  is convergent.

(b)(5%) Find  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n$ .

(15%) 6. (a)(5%) Prove that if  $f$  is a continuous function, then

$$\int_0^a f(x) dx = \int_0^a f(a-x) dx.$$

(b)(10%) Use part(a) to show that

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^n x}{\sin^n x + \cos^n x} dx = \frac{\pi}{4}, \forall n > 0.$$

(10%) 7. Suppose  $f$  and  $g$  are differentiable functions with  $f(g(x)) = x$  and  $f'(x) = 1 + [f(x)]^2$ . Show that  $g'(x) = 1/(1 + x^2)$ .